

labor dispute in question, or who has failed to make every reasonable effort to settle such dispute either by negotiation or with the aid of any available machinery or governmental mediation or voluntary arbitration, but nothing herein contained shall be deemed to require the Court to await the action of any such tribunal if irreparable injury is threatened.

72. No restraining order or temporary or permanent injunction shall be granted in a case involving or growing out of a labor dispute, except on the basis of findings of fact made and filed by the court in the record of the case prior to the issuance of such restraining order or injunction; and every restraining order or injunction granted in a case involving or growing out of a labor dispute shall include only a prohibition of such specific act or acts as may be expressly complained of in the bill of complaint or petition filed in such case and expressly included in said findings of fact made and filed by the court as provided herein; and shall be binding upon only the parties to the suit, their agents, servants, employees and attorneys, or those in active concert and participation with them, and who shall by personal service or otherwise have received actual notice of the same.

73. Whenever any court or judge or judges thereof shall issue or deny any temporary injunction in a case involving or growing out of a labor dispute, the court shall, upon the request of any party to the proceedings, and on his filing the usual bond for costs, forthwith certify the entire record of the case, including a transcript of the evidence, to the appropriate Appellate Court for its review. Upon the filing of such record in the appropriate Appellate Court the appeal shall be heard with the greatest possible expedition, giving the proceeding precedence over all other matters except other matters of the same character.

74. In all cases where a person shall be charged with indirect criminal contempt for violation of a restraining order or injunction issued by a court or judge or judges thereof, the accused shall enjoy,

(a) The rights as to admission to bail that are accorded to persons accused of crime,

(b) The right to be notified of the accusation and a reasonable time to make a defense, provided that alleged contempt is not committed in the immediate view or presence of the court.