

to follow immediately after Section 35 and to be known as 35-A and to read as follows:

35-A. Whenever any prisoner in the Maryland Penitentiary or the Maryland House of Correction shall be engaged in any extra-hazardous employment within the meaning of this Article for which wages or a stipulated sum are paid either to the institution or to the prisoner, this Article shall be applicable thereto. The average weekly wages of any such prisoner shall be the average weekly wages or remuneration which the employer pays for the labor of said prisoner, whether to the institution or the prisoner, or both; and the State Industrial Accident Commission in awarding compensation in cases of injuries to prisoners in the course of their employment, shall direct that all of the compensation for which the employer of said prisoner is liable hereunder, shall be paid to the institution in which the said prisoner is confined at the time of his injury, and out of the compensation paid to any such institution under the provisions of this Article, the institution shall retain a sum equal to the average weekly amount received by said institution (if the compensation shall amount to so much) for the labor of said prisoner over and above any bonus received by or for the use of said prisoner, and the surplus of any such compensation, if any, shall be credited to and belong to the injured prisoner. The disposition of the compensation as above provided shall continue until the prisoner shall resume work or until his death or discharge from the institution. When such prisoner shall resume work any compensation to which he may still be entitled by reason of partial disability, temporary or permanent, shall be payable to the institution and first applied towards reimbursement to the institution for any loss which it may sustain in the earnings of said prisoner by reason of his injuries, and the balance, if any, shall belong to and be credited to the amount of such prisoner. Upon the discharge of the prisoner, whether by reason of the expiration of the term, or, by reason of a pardon or parole, the remainder of the compensation for which the employer may be liable hereunder shall be paid directly to the prisoner, and it shall be the duty of the institution in which any prisoner, who is receiving compensation under the provisions of this Article, is confined, to promptly notify the State Industrial Accident Commission of the discharge of any such prisoner in order that an amended award may be made directing the payment to the said prisoner of any future compensation to which the prisoner may be entitled.