

62. In any proceeding for the enforcement of a claim for compensation under this Act, it shall be presumed in the absence of substantial evidence to the contrary:

(a) That the claim comes within the provisions of this Act.

(b) That sufficient notice thereof was given.

(c) That the injury was not occasioned by the wilful intention of the injured employee to bring about the injury or death of himself or of another.

(d) That the injury did not result solely from the intoxication of the injured employee while on duty.

(e) That there has been no prejudice caused by failure to file claim within thirty (30) days.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That Sub-Sections 3 and 10 of Section 63 of Article 101 (C I) of the Annotated Code of Maryland, as said Section 63 was amended by Chapters 86 and 597 of the Acts of 1916, be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted, with amendments, so as to read as follows:

63. (Sub-Section 3). "Employee" means a person who is engaged in an extra-hazardous employment in the service of an employer, carrying on or conducting the same upon the premises or at a plant, or in the course of his employment away from the plant of his employer, and shall not include farm laborers. "Farm Laborers," as used in this Act, shall mean any employees who, at the time of the accident, are engaged in rendering any agricultural service, including the threshing and harvesting of crops, or who, at the time of the accident, are engaged in service incidental to and in connection with agricultural pursuits or developments, whether the employer be the farmer or other person undertaking or contracting with the farmer to perform any such agricultural service, pursuit or development. This Act shall not apply to farm laborers, domestic servants, nor to country blacksmiths, wheelwrights or similar rural employments, unless these employments elect to come under this Act as provided in Section 33, nor in any case where the accident occurred before this Act takes effect, nor to casual employees, or any employee whose salary is in excess of two thousand dollars a year, or any employees who are employed wholly without the State.