

423. All fines imposed under this sub-title of this article shall be paid to the board of county school commissioners of said county, for the use of the public schools therein.

424. All prosecutions for violations of the provisions of this sub-title of this article, which are hereby declared to be criminal offenses, may be either upon presentment and indictment or by trial before a justice of the peace, who shall have jurisdiction, original and concurrent with the Circuit Court for said county, and the said justice shall have power to issue all process, and to do all acts which may be necessary to the exercise of his said jurisdiction, and may try and determine all cases whereof he may have jurisdiction, and may pronounce judgment and sentence therein in the same manner and to the same extent as the Circuit Court for said county could do in such cases, as if such cases were tried before said court without the intervention of a jury; provided, however, that if any person when brought before any such justice having jurisdiction of the case shall, before trial for the alleged offense, pray a jury trial, or if the State's attorney for said county shall, before the trial of such alleged offense, pray a jury trial on the part of the State, it shall be the duty of any justice to commit such alleged offender for trial, or to hold the said offender to bail to appear for trial in the Circuit Court for the said county at its then session, if it be then in session, or at its next session, if it be not then in session, and to return said commitment or recognizance, with the name and residence of the witnesses for the prosecution endorsed thereon, forthwith to the clerk of said court; and the justice before whom the case is tried shall inform the person charged of his right to a jury trial.

425. In any indictment under this sub-title of this article for violations of the provisions of the preceding sections thereof, it shall not be necessary to specify the particular kind of liquor which any person, house, company, association or body corporate, bartered, sold or gave away, or solicited or received orders for the purchase of, or kept deposited or had, with intent to barter, sell or give away, or that the same be bartered, sold or given away in violation of said provisions, but it shall be sufficient if the indictment sets forth that the traverser bartered, sold or gave away, or solicited or received orders for the purchase of, or kept deposited or had, with intent to barter, sell or give away spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drinks, or with intent that the same be bartered, sold or given away in violation of said provisions.