only as the same is not expressly permitted under the Constitution and Laws of the United States.

If any provision of this Section shall be held to be void or unconstitutional it is hereby provided that all other portions of same which are not expressly held to be void or unconstitutional shall continue in full force and effect.

Sec. 21. And be it further enacted. That all prosecutions for violations of this Act, which are hereby declared to be misdemeanors, may be either upon presentment or indictment, or by trial before a Justice of the Peace having criminal jurisdiction, who shall have jurisdiction original and concurrent with the Circuit Court of Carroll County; and the said Justice shall have the power to issue all process, and to do all acts which may be necessary to the exercise of his said jurisdiction, and may try and determine all cases whereof he may have jurisdiction, and may pronounce judgment and sentence therein in the same manner and to the same extent as the Circuit Court of Carroll County could do in such cases, if such cases were tried before said court without the intervention of a jury; provided, however, that if any person, when brought before any Justice having jurisdiction of the case, shall, before trial for the alleged offense pray a jury trial, or if the State's Attorney for said County, shall, before trial of such alleged offense pray a jury trial on the part of the State, it shall be the duty of such Justice to commit such alleged offender for trial, or to hold him to bail to appear for trial in the Circuit Court of Carroll County, if it be in session, or at its next session, if it be not in session, and to return such commitment or recognizance with the names and residences of the witnesses for the prosecution endorsed thereon. forthwith to the Clerk of the Circuit Court; and the Justice before whom the case is brought shall, in every such case, inform the person charged of his right to a jury trial.

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That in all prosecutions under this Act, by indictment or otherwise, it shall not be necessary to state the kind of liquor sold; nor to describe the place where sold; nor to show the knowledge of the principal to convict for the acts of an agent or servant; nor to state the name of any person to whom liquor is sold; nor to set forth the facts showing that the required number of legal voters petition for the submission to the voters of said proposition, nor that the majority of legal voters voting upon said proposition voted "For the proposition," but it shall be sufficient to state in that regard that the act complained of took place in an Anti-Saloon Territory.