

sworn to by such stenographer, to be a true and correct transcript of the testimony, or of a particular witness, or any specific part thereof, or to be a correct transcript of the proceedings had on such investigation so purporting to be taken and subscribed, may be received in evidence by the Commission with the same effect as if such stenographer were present and testified to the fact certified. A copy of such transcript shall be furnished on demand to any party in interest upon payment of the fee therefor, as provided for transcripts in the Circuit Courts of the Counties or the Common Law Courts of Baltimore City.

SEC. 12. The Commission shall prepare and furnish free of cost blank forms and provide in its rules for their distribution so that the same may be readily available, of applications for benefits or compensation notices, to employers, proof of injury or death, of medical attendance, of employment and wage earnings and such other blanks as may be deemed proper and advisable, and it shall be the duty of employers to constantly keep on hand a sufficient supply of such blanks.

SEC. 13. Annually on or before the first day of January the State Industrial Accident Commission shall make a report to the Governor, which shall include a statement of the number of awards made by it, the causes of the accidents leading to the injuries for which the awards were made, and a detailed statement of the expenses of the Commission and the condition of the State Accident Fund, together with any other matters which the Commission deems proper to report to the Governor, including any recommendations it may desire to make.

SEC. 14. Every employer, subject to the provisions of this Act, shall pay or provide as required herein compensation according to the schedules of this Act for the disability or death of his employe resulting from an accidental personal injury sustained by the employe arising out of and in the course of his employment, without regard to fault as a cause of such injury, except where the injury is occasioned by the wilful intention of the injured employe to bring about the injury or death of himself or of another, or where the injury results solely from the intoxication of the injured employe while on duty. Where the injury is occasioned by the wilful intention of the injured employe to bring about the injury or death of himself or of another, or where the injury results from the intoxication of the injured employe while on duty, neither the