

(d) The place in this State where the principal office of the corporation will be located.

(e) The total amount of capital stock, if any, of the proposed corporation and the number and par value of the shares; and the restrictions, if any, imposed upon the transfer of the shares. And if the capital stock is to be classified under the power hereinafter granted, the certificate shall state how much of said stock is to be preferred and the preferences, voting powers, restrictions and qualifications of the preferred stock.

(f) The number of trustees, directors or managers, which shall not be less than three; and the names of those who shall act as such for the first year or until their successors are duly chosen and qualified.

(g) Any provisions which may be desired, for the purpose of defining, limiting and regulating the powers of the corporation, and of the directors and stockholders or any class of the stockholders; provided, such provisions are not contrary to the law of this State or inconsistent with any of the terms and limitations of this article.

SEC. 4. If the certificate is acknowledged before a justice of the peace, his official character shall be certified by the Clerk of the Circuit or Superior Court under his official seal. Every certificate shall be submitted to one of the judges of the judicial circuit in which the principal office of the corporation will be located, who shall, if such certificate is executed in conformity with the law, certify that fact thereon; when so certified such certificate shall be delivered to the State Tax Commissioner who, upon payment (and not before) of the recording fees hereinafter provided for, shall receive and endorse thereon the date and time of receipt and promptly record the same in a book to be kept by him for that purpose. After such recording the State Tax Commissioner shall transmit the original certificate or a copy thereof duly certified by him to the Clerk of the Circuit or Superior Court (according to the location of the principal office of the corporation) by whom the same shall be again recorded. At the time of receiving such certificate the State Tax Commissioner shall collect double the fees allowed by law to clerks of court for recording a document of similar length; and one-half of the sum so collected shall be paid by him to the Clerk of the Circuit or Superior Court to whom such certificate shall be transmitted for recording as aforesaid, and for the other one-half he shall account quarterly to the Comptroller and pay the same forthwith to the State Treasurer for the use of the State.

SEC. 5. When such certificate has been executed and acknowledged in due form and delivered to the State Tax Commissioner