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the premises; personal property may be sold upon ten days' notice by handbills so posted in the district and at the courthouse; any advertised notice of the sale under the provisions of this section shall be deemed sufficient if it contains the time, terms and place of such sale, the year or years for which taxes are due, to whom the property is assessed, the district where located, the quantity of land (if land) offered for sale, if there be record evidence thereof, and a reference to the liber and folio where the deed for said property may be found and the date of the deed; in no deed shall a description by metes and bounds be necessary, nor shall a greater sum than four dollars be paid for any newspaper advertisements thereof.

Section 43 F. When any real estate shall be sold under the provision of the preceding section, for taxes, the sale shall be reported to the Circuit Court for said county by the treasurer, reported to upon which report, if the Court shall find the proceedings Circuit Court of the Court shall find the proceedings of the Court of the cour regular, and that the provisions of law in relation thereto have been complied with, there shall be a brief order nisi passed and a copy thereof published, as in case of judicial sales by trustees; and if no sufficient cause is shown to the contrary, the sale shall be ratified by the said Court; but if sufficient cause be shown to the contrary, in the judgment of said Court, said sale shall be set aside; in which case the treasurer shall proceed to a new sale of the property; upon the ratification of such sale the treasurer shall convey to the purchaser the property purchased by him, upon payment of the costs of such deed by the purchaser, and the bond of the treasurer shall be liable for the money paid by the purchaser in the event of the sale not being so ratified, with interest, and for all costs and expenses accruing from such sale. The treasurer shall retain out of the proceeds of the sale, when ratified, the amount of taxes and interest thereon, and costs of notices, levy, sale, and if the report thereof to the Court, and shall pay over any excess to the owner of the property thus sold. No such sale shall be set aside if the provisions of the law shall appear to have been substantially complied with, and the burden of the proof shall be on the exceptant thereto.

Section 43 g. The treasurer shall be entitled to the following fees for levying upon property to enforce payment of taxes: Fees allowed if the property be sold, the treasurer shall receive five per cent. on the gross amount of the sale, with his expense as aforesaid, but if the amount due be paid without sale, he shall receive three per cent. on the amount collected and his expenses as aforesaid, to be paid by the party paying, who shall be entitled to an itemized bill; and if any treasurer, or any clerk, agent or deputy of such treasurer, shall ask, demand

treasurer.