

lished his printing office in Baltimore, Johann Gruber, another Pennsylvanian, was setting up Hagerstown's first German press.

Christopher Jackson and John Smith; the Second Attempt to Establish Sunday Journalism in the United States. - Christopher Jackson was probably born in Westmoreland County, England. It is not known where he received his training in printing, when or under what circumstances he came to the United States; but he appears to have set up a press in Baltimore late in 1795, or during the first months of 1796, during which year he was engaged by George Keatinge to print a variety of pamphlets.

His press at No. 67 Market-Street appears several times in advertisements during the year 1796. He published on June 27 an item of local interest, A Plan of the Review for the Fourth of July.¹²⁴ On September 6, he offered his printing office for sale "on very moderate terms", and listed his apparatus in some detail:

1 font of Brevier,	'	1 ditto Double Pica,
1 ditto Long Primer,	'	1 ditto Script,
1 ditto Pica,	'	1 ditto Double English,
1 ditto English,	'	1 ditto French Cannon,
1 ditto Great Primer,	'	1 ditto Five Line Pica,

and a quantity of large letter, checks, etc. with two printing presses, chases and furniture.¹²⁵

¹²⁴ Federal gazette. June 27, 1796. Also, Appendix A. Imprint bibliography, item 316.

¹²⁵ Federal gazette. September 6, 1796.