

VETOES

SECTION 2. 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 1990, ~~contingent on the Supreme Court of the United States denying the pending petition for a writ of certiorari in Curran v. Muller, No. 89-947. If the Supreme Court grants the petition in No. 89-947, this Act shall take effect only after final disposition of the case in the Supreme Court and only if the Supreme Court affirms the judgment in Muller v. Curran, 889 F.2d 54 (4th Cir. 1989). If the Supreme Court does not affirm the judgment of the 4th Circuit in Muller, this Act shall be null and void without the necessity of further action by the General Assembly.~~

May 29, 1990

The Honorable Thomas V. Mike Miller, Jr.
President of the Senate
State House
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Dear Mr. President:

In accordance with Article II, Section 17 of the Maryland Constitution, I have today vetoed Senate Bill 757.

This bill authorizes \$4.8 million in bond debt to finance public schools in Cecil County.

House Bills 1023 and 1519, which were passed by the General Assembly and signed by me on May 2, 1990, together accomplish the same purpose. Therefore, it is not necessary for me to sign Senate Bill 757.

Sincerely,
William Donald Schaefer
Governor

Senate Bill No. 757

AN ACT concerning

Cecil County - Public School Bonds

FOR the purpose of authorizing and empowering the County Commissioners of Cecil County from time to time, to borrow not more than ~~\$1,400,000 in order to finance the cost of certain school facilities in Cecil County~~ \$4,800,000, of which \$3,400,000 is for the purpose of financing certain costs at Rising Sun Elementary School and \$1,400,000 is for the purpose of financing certain costs at other school facilities in Cecil County, and to effect that borrowing by the issuance and sale at public or private sale of its general obligation bonds in like par amount; empowering the County to fix and determine, by resolution, the form, tenor, interest rate or rates, or method of determining the same, terms, conditions, maturities, and all other details incident to the issuance and sale of the bonds; empowering the County to issue refunding bonds for the purchase or redemption of bonds in advance of