

1 give to the General Assembly a degree of flexibility.  
2 Again, I repeat, if I keep on using that word, flexible  
3 and inflexible, it will come to have a meaning as a word  
4 of art, because it does have a lot of use. Now, what  
5 we mean by degree of flexibility is that if the Counties  
6 are going to have a broad grant of power, that is any  
7 and all executive and legislative power not denied to it  
8 as defined, the Legislature is still going to have the  
9 responsibility of taking care of conflicts that are  
10 going to arise between various Counties, and we want the  
11 Legislature to be able to step into an area of contro-  
12 versy and to be able to deal with less than all of the  
13 Counties.

14 Now, later we will define what is meant by  
15 public general laws, and here you will find that a public  
16 general law is one which will apply to a, to all Counties  
17 within a class. Now, ultimately, of course, the General  
18 Assembly if it is given the power of classification,  
19 could classify into 24 different classes, and we are  
20 right back where we started from with the General Assem-  
21 bly enacting local legislation. The Committee determined