the boards now have terms which overlap the period 1 2 of any single gubernatorial election. So it is impossible in most situations for a Governor to 3 secure control of many of the agencies of the state 4 except well into his second term. This means, as we 5 see it, that although a Governor is charged by his 6 general position with the responsibility of managing 7 the affairs of the state, in many instances he cannot do 8 9 so until well into his second term because he cannot 10 put into office people who are sympathetic with him in their policies. We have no, we are conscious of the 11 charge of politics as has been said earlier, the political 12 animal must operate politically. We have therefore 13 proposed not the complete abolishion . 14 of all policy boards as we in fact considered, but have 15 recommended simply that all boards should at least 16 rotate their membership so that a governor when he 17 takes office, has a 50 per cent of the membership of 18 all boards subject to his appointment. There is a 19 break here by virtue of the fact of having a carry-over 20 21 of 50 per cent of experienced personnel. More than that