

1 MR. GENTRY: We were on the question of right
2 of cross-examination?

3 THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.

4 MR. GENTRY: I feel strongly that the con-
5 frontation, the word, trial, and the due process, which
6 was passed, those three references in Section 7 and the
7 due process clause would certainly embrace in general
8 language the right of cross-examination. I feel that
9 confrontation does not mean simply bringing in the
10 prosecuting witness and standing him in front of the
11 defendant. I think trial has never been given a Napoleonic
12 Code meaning. I think trial means questions and answers,
13 examination and confrontation means the right to, embrace
14 the right to cross-examination, plus due process, if it
15 means nothing else, it means to give all the rights
16 which the courts find necessary to protect a defendant
17 and accused, giving those rights to speak in his defense
18 and to examine the witnesses.

19 THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Martineau?

20 MR. MARTINEAU: Just to help you out a little
21 bit on this, I had to do a substantial amount of research