

bly a son of Edward Braithwaite, who married a member of the Calvert family. MOTHER: probably Ann, daughter of Francis Carter, chief clerk of His Majesty's Rolls. BROTHER: probably Robert Braithwaite of Carlingill, Westmoreland, England, who married Elizabeth, sister of Sir Thomas Burton, of Brampton, England. COUSIN: *Leonard Calvert* (ca. 1606–1647). MARRIED Eleanor Stephenson, a former servant brought to Virginia in 1645 by Edmund Plowden, from whom she fled to Maryland. PRIVATE CAREER. EDUCATION: literate; probably well educated. RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION: almost certainly a Catholic. SOCIAL STATUS AND ACTIVITIES: probably Gent. on arrival, certainly by 1638; called a "kinsman" by *Cecilius Calvert, 2nd Lord Baltimore* (1605–1675), in 1638. OCCUPATIONAL PROFILE: Indian trader, 1639. PUBLIC CAREER. LEGISLATIVE SERVICE: Assembly, present 1637/38. PROVINCIAL OFFICES: Treasury Commission, 1643, Council, 1644 (no record of service other than his oath taken on November 2, 1644). LOCAL OFFICES: commander, Kent Isle, 1638–1639/40, 1644/45; justice, Kent County, 1639/40–1640; commander, St. Mary's County, 1643–1644. MILITARY OFFICE: captain, 1640. WEALTH AT DEATH. DIED: by February 1649/50; size of estate unknown.

BRANDT, RANDOLPH (?–ca. 1698/99). IMMIGRATED: in 1674 as a free adult with his wife and children, probably from Barbados. RESIDED: in Charles County. FAMILY BACKGROUND. BROTHERS: Charles; Jacob. MARRIED Mary. CHILDREN. SONS: Jacob; Randolph; Charles; and Marcus, of Barbados. DAUGHTERS: Elizabeth, who married Joseph Bullitt; Mary, who married James Lattimore; Margaret, who married Francis Hammersley; and Judith. NATURAL DAUGHTER: Anne, the daughter of Susannah Skeens. PRIVATE CAREER. EDUCATION: literate. RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION: Catholic. SOCIAL STATUS AND ACTIVITIES: Mr. at first appearance in the records; Gent. at death. OCCUPATIONAL PROFILE: placeman; planter; kept books for Humphrey Warren, Jr. (1665–1695), son of *Humphrey Warren* (ca. 1632–ca. 1670/71) in the 1680s. PUBLIC CAREER. LEGISLATIVE SERVICE: Lower House, Charles County, 1681–1682 (elected to the 3rd session). LOCAL OFFICES: clerk, Charles County, 1676–1682; deputy surveyor, Charles County, 1679–1684. MILITARY SERVICE: captain, by 1678. WEALTH DURING LIFETIME. LAND AT FIRST ELECTION: 500 acres of improved land in Barbados (inherited from his father); probably over 1,000 acres in Maryland. WEALTH AT DEATH. DIED: will probated on February 10, 1698/99. PER-

SONAL PROPERTY: TEV, £241.4.8 sterling, plus 9,055 pounds of tobacco (including 5 slaves and 3 servants). LAND: ca. 2,070 acres, plus 500 acres in Barbados.

BRANNOCK (BRONNACK), JOHN (ca. 1669–1741). BORN: ca. 1669; probably eldest son. NATIVE: probably, if so probably second generation. RESIDED: in Dorchester County. FAMILY BACKGROUND. FATHER: Edmond Brannock (?–ca. 1703), of Dorchester County, planter. BROTHERS: Thomas (ca. 1674–1744/45), planter, who married Frances; David (under 21-years of age in 1701); and Edmond (?–by 1718), who married Rebecca. SISTERS: Mary; Jane, who married (first name unknown) Jones; and Elizabeth. MARRIED by 1709 Margaret (?–1751), a Quaker, widow of Anthony Lecompte (?–1705), of Dorchester County, planter. CHILDREN. STEPSONS: Nehemiah Lecompte (ca. 1698–?); Anthony Lecompte (under 18-years of age in 1704/5). DAUGHTER: Ann, who married first, Robert Spedden (?–1742), and second, Joseph Pain. STEPDAUGHTER OR DAUGHTER: Margaret, who married (first name unknown) Matthews. PRIVATE CAREER. EDUCATION: literate. RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION: Protestant. SOCIAL STATUS AND ACTIVITIES: Gent., 1702. OCCUPATIONAL PROFILE: sawyer, 1694; planter; attorney, admitted to the following courts: Court of Appeals by 1715; Dorchester County by 1717. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS: as an attorney of Dorchester County, Brannock was accused of having forged a summons in the king's name, 1715. PUBLIC CAREER. LEGISLATIVE SERVICE: Lower House, Dorchester County, 1716–1718, 1719–1721/22 (Laws 1), 1728–1731, 1732–1734, 1738, 1739–1740 (died before the 3rd session). WEALTH DURING LIFETIME. PERSONAL PROPERTY: sold 6 slaves, 1 manservant, livestock, and other personal property to his brother Thomas to pay his debts, 1709. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS: A petition was submitted to the Lower House in 1732 by John Anderson, coroner of Dorchester County, stating that John Brannock, a member of the Lower House, had been arrested and confined by him until Brannock could appear in court to satisfy a person who had recovered a judgment against him. Brannock was alleged to have escaped from custody. After hearing both parties, the House rejected Anderson's petition. In 1738 Brannock, again a member of the Lower House, entered a complaint against *Peter Taylor* (1680–ca. 1747/48), the sheriff of Dorchester County, alleging that *Edmund Jennings* (?–1756) had turned over to Taylor some bonds that Brannock owed to Jennings. Brannock had offered