about the commonwealth which people have come together for their own interests and their own protection and, when one individual is denied it, we are certainly doing something inviolate to our constitutional rights.

MRS. FREEDLANDER: You mentioned, Dr. Pullen, the reason we do not have kindergartens and higher education, that it is not spelled out. We in the Committee have felt that the conciseness of this provision would allow for -- it says free public schools, which is not limited. It would not "delimit," so to speak, kindergartens and higher education.

The Committee has felt, and I would like you to speak on this, if you will, please, that our school code is so extensive that it is better to have items pertaining to public education in statutes, where they could be changed, revised, improved, than in a constitutional provision which takes a long time to change.

DR. PULLEN: Well, I'm not so sure. Frankly, I think the people would pass a constitutional amendment on those things quicker than the legislature. In other words, we set up all functions of the government.