

- Testamentary Proceedings 8**, Liber No. 14, p. 1-532, contents similar to above volume, except that wills also were now being recorded in a separate volume, Mar. 31, 1676-Mar. 24, 1676[7]. 8B, p. 1-13, a small section in the back of this volume containing inventories and accounts for 1704.
- Testamentary Proceedings 9**, Liber No. 15, p. 1-524, contents similar to number 8 above, Mar. 26, 1677-Mar. 22, 1677[8]. 9B, p. 1-22, contents similar to No. 8B above, 1702-1704.
- Testamentary Proceedings 10**, Liber No. 16, p. 1-378, contains all types of testamentary proceedings, except wills, inventories and accounts, Mar. 27, 1678-Mar. 14, 1678[9]. Since the ensuing volumes in this series are of similar nature, no description will be given of their contents.
- Testamentary Proceedings 11**, Liber No. 17, p. 1-340, Mar. 26, 1679-Mar. 24, 1679[80].
- Testamentary Proceedings 12**, two volumes bound together by Commissioners of 1716:  
12A, Liber No. 18, p. 1-262, Mar. 30, 1680-Mar. 24, 1680[1].<sup>52</sup>  
12B, Liber No. 20, p. 1-311, Mar. 25, 1682-Jan. 25, 1682[3].
- Testamentary Proceedings 13**, Liber No. 21, p. 1-519, Jan. 26, 1682[3]-Sept. 13, 1687.
- Testamentary Proceedings 14**, Liber No. 22, p. 1-157, Sept. 13, 1687-July 13, 1689.<sup>53</sup>  
14A, Liber LC, p. 1-15, Jan. 14, 1692-Jan. 7, 1692[3].
- Testamentary Proceedings 15**, three volumes bound together by Commissioners of 1716:  
15A, Liber No. 23, p. 1-77, Jan. 7, 1692[3]-Sept. 27, 1693.  
15B, no Liber, p. 1-8, Sept. 14, 1692-Dec. 24, 1692.<sup>54</sup>  
15C, Liber KC No. 23, p. 1-202, Oct. 2, 1693-May 1, 1695.
- Testamentary Proceedings 16**, Liber KC No. 24, p. 1-243:  
p. 1-50, contain probate proceedings for Calvert County for

<sup>52</sup>Liber No. 19 which must have contained the proceedings for 1681 was missing even then.

<sup>53</sup>During the Revolution of 1689, there was no central probate office and the clerks of the county courts were empowered to perform the necessary duties. For this reason, there is a gap in the proceedings of the Prerogative Court from 1689 to 1692. After the Prerogative Court was re-established, the county clerks were ordered to make a transcript of all the probate proceedings entered in their records during the period in question and send it to the Prerogative Office.

<sup>54</sup>Note that this liber should precede No. 15A.