

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That Section 37 of Article 101 of the Annotated Code of Maryland (1924 Edition), title "Workmen's Compensation", sub-title "Claims and Compensation; Benefits", be and it is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, to read as follows:

37. In addition to the compensation provided for herein, the employer shall promptly provide for an injured employee such medical, surgical or other attendance or treatment, nurse and hospital services, medicines, crutches, apparatus, artificial hands, arms, feet and legs as may be required by the Commission in an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars; provided however that the employer shall repair or replace any artificial limb, eye, tooth or other part that shall be damaged or destroyed as a result of an accident during the course of employment and if the artificial limb, eye, tooth or other part is not repaired or replaced within three days following its damage or destruction, then the employer shall pay the employee such compensation for his lost time, if any, after the three-day waiting period, as the Commission may direct. If an employer fails to provide the same, the injured employee may do so at the expense of the employer. All fees and other charges for such treatment and services shall be subject to regulation by the Commission, and shall be limited to such charges as prevail in the same community for similar treatment of injured persons of a like standard of living, and in case death ensues from the injury within three years, reasonable funeral expenses shall be allowed, not to exceed the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars. Any bill for funeral expenses contracted for an amount in excess of one hundred and twenty-five dollars shall be null and void and uncollectable either out of the compensation allowed or out of the personal assets of those obligating themselves to pay, unless and until said bill is approved by the Commission. Provided, however, that if there are no dependents and the deceased employee leaves sufficient estate to pay same, all expenses of last sickness and burial shall be paid by said estate and not by the employer or insurance company, or Commission out of the State Accident Fund, as the case may be. The Commission shall have full power to adopt rules and regulations with respect to furnishing medical, nurse, hospital services and medicines to injured employees entitled thereto and for the payment therefor.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That this Act shall take effect June 1, 1937.

Approved May 18, 1937.