

taken, be ordered to be destroyed, and the other property shall be held as the property of the accused or owner. If the accused shall be found not guilty, the whole of the property seized shall be returned to the person from which it was taken. (E) When any liquor shall have been seized by virtue of such warrant, the same shall not be discharged or returned to any person claiming the same by reason of any alleged insufficiency in the description in the complaint or warrant of the liquor or place, but the claimant shall be entitled to a hearing when the case is tried. (F) if no one is found in possession of the premises, place, house or thing where intoxicating liquor may be found, the officer taking the same shall post in a conspicuous place on said premises or at or near the location of the place, house or thing searched a copy of his warrant, and take possession of such liquor and means used for the sale of the same, and hold them subject to the order of the court or Police Justice and make return of his doing thereto. Whereupon it shall be the duty of the Police Justice or court to fix a time for hearing and determining the purpose for which such liquor is kept, and issue a notice thereof to the officer, who shall post a copy thereof on the premises or at or near the location of the place, house or thing searched where the liquors were found. If no one appears at the time fixed for said hearing, nor within thirty days thereafter to claim such liquor and means used for the sale of the same, the Police Justice or Court shall order the same destroyed or disposed of. (G) No warrant shall be issued to search a private residence accepted as such, unless it or some part of it is used as a store or shop, hotel, restaurant or boarding house, or unless such residence is a place of public resort, or unless such residence is utilized as a place for keeping, storing, hiding, secreting or furnishing or handling any intoxicating liquor, in any quantity, intended or for the purpose of sale or disposition otherwise contrary to this Act or contrary to law; provided, nevertheless, if the Police Justice or justice of the peace shall, after an examination of the party making the oath or after taking such other proof as may be produced, deem it proper to issue such warrant, then the said Police Justice or justice of the peace, may, in his discretion, issue the warrant as hereinbefore provided, for the searching of a private residence. (H) The person making affidavit for the warrant to search any place, house or thing where intoxicating liquor is believed to be disposed of, kept, stored, deposited, hidden, secreted, handled or furnished contrary to this Act, may personally or by agent accompany the officer who serves the warrant and point out and enter the place, house or thing with such officer and give information