

Third. That, anything in this Article respecting notice to the contrary notwithstanding, such injury or strain was reported to the employer within fifteen days next following its occurrence.

All hernia, inguinal, femoral or otherwise, so proven to be the result of such injury or strain, shall be treated in a surgical manner by operation whenever practicable. If death results from such operation, the death shall be considered as a result of the injury or strain, and compensation paid in accordance with the provisions of this section. In non-fatal cases, time loss only shall be compensated, provided, however, that in computing lost time there shall not be included any time lost from delay in the holding of a hearing when such delay shall have been occasioned at the request, or by the fault, of the claimant, unless it is shown by special examination that the injured employee has a permanent partial or permanent total or temporary total disability resulting from the operation. If so, compensation shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of this Article, with reference to permanent partial disability or permanent total or temporary total disability as the case may be.

In case the injured employee refuses to undergo an operation for the cure of the said hernia, he shall be allowed compensation for a period of seven and one-half ( $7\frac{1}{2}$ ) weeks, and if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Commission that because of age or previous physical condition, it is considered unsafe for the employee to undergo such operation, such refusal may be excused by the Commission, in which event the employee shall be allowed compensation for the period of actual disability resulting from such hernia, not to exceed fifty-two (52) weeks, and in either event such payments shall be in lieu of all benefits for or on account of disability or death resulting or alleged to have resulted from such injury.

(6) (Temporary Partial Disability.) In case of temporary partial disability, an injured employee shall receive fifty per centum of the difference between his average weekly wages and his wage-earning capacity thereafter in the same employment or otherwise if less than before the accident, but not to exceed twenty dollars per week, during the continuance of such partial disability, but not in excess of three thousand five hundred dollars, except as otherwise provided in this Article.

Whenever it shall appear that any disability from which any employee is suffering following an acci-