place in not more than thirty days if such court is then in session, and if it be not in session, within thirty days from the date when it is next in session. If at the time appointed for trial the returns have not been properly made, or for other sufficient cause, the trial may be postponed to a further date not more than fifteen days beyond said thirty days.

- (j) Definitions. The word "liquor", when used in this sub-title, unless the same be inconsistent with the context, shall be construed to include the vessels containing the same; the phrase "means used for the sale of the same", shall include all furniture, implements, equipment, instrumentalities, or paraphernalia of a barroom or drinking saloon or any part of same, and any United States Internal Revenue tax receipts effective for the period of time covering the alleged offense, and to include also any conveyance or vehicle; the word "place" shall be construed to include any edifice, apartment, room, tent, boat, wagon, conveyance, motor vehicle, aeroplane, or any open air location.
- (k) PRIVATE RESIDENCE. Any private residence or any part thereof which is a place of public resort, or is used as a store or shop, or is utilized as a place for keeping, depositing, storing, hiding, secreting, handling, exchanging, distributing, furnishing or delivering any intoxicating liquor in any quantity whatever intended for sale or disposition otherwise contrary to this Article or contrary to law, shall not be accepted or held as a private residence for the purpose of this Article.
- (1) Prosecutions. All prosecutions for violations of this Article which are hereby declared to be misdemeanors, may be either upon presentment or indictment or by trial before the Trial Magistrate of the County, who shall have jurisdiction, original and concurrent, with the Circuit Court for the said County, and the said Trial Magistrate shall have power to issue all process, and to do all acts which may be necessary to the exercise of his said jurisdiction, and may try and determine all cases whereof he may have jurisdiction, and may pronounce judgment and sentence therein in the same manner and to the same extent as the Circuit Court for the said County could do in such cases if such cases were tried before said Court without the intervention of a jury; provided, however, that if any person, when brought before the Trial Magistrate shall, before trial for the alleged offense pray a jury trial, or if the State's Attorney for said County shall, before trial of such alleged offense, pray a trial by jury on the part of the State, it shall be the duty of the Trial Magistrate to commit such alleged offender for trial, or to hold him to bail to appear for trial in the Circuit Court of the said County if it be in session, or at