

CHAPTER 253.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments section one hundred and ninety-six, article ninety-three, of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Testamentary Law," sub-title "Guardians and Infants not residing in this State."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That section one hundred and ninety-six, of article ninety-three, of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Testamentary Law," sub-title "Guardians and Infants not residing in this State," be and the same is hereby re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

To re-enact.

196. If any non-resident infant shall be entitled to any legacy, bequest or distributive share, or to the proceeds of any sale made under a decree of a court of equity, or to any money or personal property in the hands of a trustee appointed by will, or shall be entitled to the proceeds of any sale of property in this State, or to any legacy, bequest or distributive share of any personal property in the hands of any administrator or guardian in this State, and such infant has a guardian regularly appointed in the State, district or territory of the United States in which such infant resides, such foreign guardian may obtain an order from the proper court for the payment, transfer or delivery of such proceeds, legacy, bequest or distributive share upon the terms prescribed in the succeeding section.

Foreign guardian.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted,* That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Effective.

Approved April 3, 1890.

CHAPTER 254.

AN ACT to add new sections to article twenty-three, of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Corporations," sub-title "Insurance Companies," to come in after section one hundred and nineteen, and to be designated "Sections one hundred and nineteen A, one hundred and nineteen B and one hundred and nineteen C," to prevent life insurance companies incorporated under the laws of other States or counties and doing business in the State of Maryland, from making or permitting any distinction or discrimination in favor of individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life, in the amount or payment of premiums or rates charged for policies of life endowment insurance.