

be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction be fined in a sum not exceeding fifty dollars, and in default of payment of the fine so imposed shall be imprisoned in jail or other proper place of detention for a period not exceeding sixty days

1904, ch. 518, sec. 9. 1906, ch. 449.

139. Any person violating the provisions of this sub-title shall, except as otherwise provided herein, upon conviction be fined in a sum not exceeding the amounts hereinafter respectively set forth: for a violation of section 131, fifty dollars; for a violation of section 132, twenty dollars; for a violation of section 133, twenty dollars; for a violation of section 134, sub-division 1, twenty-five dollars; for a violation of section 134, sub-division 2, twenty-five dollars; for a violation of section 134, sub-division 3, fifty dollars; for a violation of section 135, fifty dollars. In default of the payment of any of the above fines there shall be imposed an imprisonment in the county or city jail, as the case may be, for a period not exceeding thirty days; provided, that any offender who shall have been found guilty of any violation of this sub-title and sentenced therefor, and who shall be convicted of a second offense of the same violation, may for such second offense be fined in double the amount herein prescribed for the first offense, and, in default of payment of such fine, may be imprisoned in jail as aforesaid for a period not exceeding three months. In the case of any operator of a motor vehicle arrested for a violation of any of the provisions of this sub-title, and who in addition thereto is charged on oath with being an habitually reckless driver, or with driving habitually in excess of speed limits of this sub-title prescribed, or with habitually driving in disregard of other provisions of this sub-title, the magistrate before whom such charge is preferred shall transmit the papers in such case to court, accepting bail or committing in default thereof as in other cases, and upon the persons so charged being convicted of the charge so preferred as aforesaid, and if the court be satisfied that such person has been an habitually reckless driver, or has habitually driven in excess of the speed limits herein prescribed, or in habitual disregard of other provisions of this sub-title, such court may, in its discretion, sentence the person so convicted to imprisonment in the county or city jail, as the case may be, for a term not exceeding sixty days, in