

manner as such causes could be heard and determined by the laws of England in the ecclesiastical courts there.

Galwith v. Galwith, 4 H. & McH 477. Wallingsford v. Wallingsford, 6 H. & J. 485. Crane v. Meginnis, 1 G. & J. 475. Hewitt v. Hewitt, 1 Bl. 101. Helms v. Franciscous, 2 Bl. 568. Daiger v. Daiger, 2 Md. Ch. 338. Coles v. Coles, 2 Md. Ch. 347. Tayman v. Tayman, 2 Md. Ch. 398. Dunnoek v. Dunnoek, 3 Md. Ch. 143. Jamison v. Jamison, 4 Md. Ch. 295. Ricketts v. Ricketts, 4 Gail, 109. Wright v. Wright's Lessee, 2 Md. 429. Wiles v. Wiles, 3 Md. 7. Feigley v. Feigley, 7 Md. 563. Schindel v. Schindel, 12 Md. 294. J. G. v. H. G., 33 Md. 401. Keerl v. Keerl, 34 Md. 21. Wagoner v. Wagoner, 77 Md. 195.

1888, art. 16, sec. 15 1860, art. 16, sec. 15. 1841, ch. 262, sec 3

15. In cases where a divorce is decreed, alimony may be awarded.

Amendment.

Ibid. sec. 16. 1860, art. 16, sec. 16. 1854, ch 230.

16. Upon application of either plaintiff or defendant to any court of equity, he shall have the right, upon payment of such costs as the court may direct, to amend at any time before final decree, the bill of complaint, answer, pleas, demurrers, or any of the proceedings in any cause before the court, so as to bring the merits of the case in controversy fairly to trial.

Dorsey v. Clarke, 4 H. & J 551. Thompson v. McKim, 6 H. & J. 311. Thomas v. Frederick Co. School, 7 G. & J. 369. Fitzhugh v. McPherson, 9 G. & J 51. McKim v. Thompson, 1 Bl. 162. Kipp v. Hanna, 2 Bl. 26. Binney's Case, 2 Bl. 99. Walsh v. Smyth, 3 Bl. 1. Price v. Tyson, 3 Bl. 392. Cullison v. Bossom, 1 Md. Ch. 95. Swan v. Dent, 2 Md. Ch. 111. Roser v. Slade, 3 Md. Ch. 91. Hitch v. Davis, 3 Md. Ch. 266. Williams v. Savage Manfg. Co. 3 Md. Ch. 418. Watson v. Goodwin, 4 Md. Ch. 25. Iglehart v. Mayer, 4 Md. Ch. 520. Thomas v. Doub, 1 Md. 252. Bowie v. Stonestreet, 6 Md. 418. Warren v. Twilley, 10 Md. 39. Calvert v. Carter, 18 Md. 107. Glenn v. Clark, 53 Md. 580. Smook v. Munday. 96 Md. 515.

Ibid. sec. 17. 1860, art. 16, sec 17. 1841, ch. 315.

17. In any suit in chancery where any of the parties are under age, *femes covert*, of unsound mind or non-residents, the proceedings may be amended by making new parties or otherwise, and it shall not be necessary to have any new pleadings or proofs in such cases of amendment, unless the court shall deem such new pleadings and proofs necessary to promote the ends of justice, or unless such new party desires to plead or objects to the proof.