

1888, art. 11, sec. 28. 1870, ch. 206, sec. 12.

**30.** The provisions of sections 19 to 32, so far as may be applicable in their privileges and restrictions to any and all banks now existing under charter from the general assembly of Maryland, may be availed of by said bank or banks.

Ibid. sec. 29. 1870, chapter 206, sec. 13.

**31.** If the president and directors shall at any time suspend the active business operations or workings of any banking institution incorporated under sections 19 to 32, other than as now legally provided for, and a majority of the stockholders in general meeting assembled determine to close its banking operations, thenceforth it shall not be lawful for such corporation to resume the exercise of its banking powers and franchises, but the same shall be closed, and after the payment of its debts and liabilities, the remaining assets and property of such corporation shall be divided among the stockholders or their assigns.

Ibid. sec. 30. 1886, ch. 501.

**32.** The thirteen preceding sections shall continue in force until the first day of January, 1905, and to the end of the next session of the general assembly thereafter.

1898, ch. 277, sec. 31.

**33.** It shall be the duty of the treasurer of this State, with the approval of the governor, to appoint from time to time an examiner to visit each and every association mentioned in this article, doing business in this State, (excepting State banks which may be members of the Baltimore clearing association, and as such required regularly to submit to examination by a national bank examiner,) at least once in each year, or oftener, if in his judgment it may be necessary, for the purpose of making a full and careful investigation of, and inquiry into the condition and affairs of such bank, and for that purpose the treasurer of this State or his duly appointed examiner, is hereby authorized and empowered to administer oaths or affirmations, and examine under oath or affirmation the owners and directors, and all officers and employes and agents of such bank, and the examiner making such examination shall reduce the result thereof to writing, giving a full, true and careful statement of the condition of said bank, but no person shall be so appointed an examiner for the purpose of investigating the condition of the affairs of any bank in this State, who shall be an officer, agent or employe thereof.