

puted, it shall be sufficient to state that evidence was adduced tending to prove them, instead of setting out the evidence in detail; but if a defect of proof be the ground of the ruling or exception, then the particulars in which the proof is supposed to be defective shall be briefly stated, and all the evidence offered in anywise connected with such supposed defect shall be set out in the bill of exception; and it shall be the duty of the judges in the courts below to require exceptions to be prepared in accordance with this rule.

Ramsay v. Glass, 9 Gill, 56 Anderson v. Garrett, 9 Gill, 121. Burtles v. State, 4 Md. 278. Reynolds v. Negro Juliet, 14 Md. 118 Clements v. Mayor & C. C. of Balto., 16 Md. 208. McTavish v. Carroll, 17 Md. 22. Hallowell v. Miller, 17 Md. 305. McCann v. B. & O. R. R. Co., 20 Md. 202 Hartle v. Stahl, 27 Md. 174. C. C. & I. Co. v. McKaig, 27 Md. 267. Boyd v. Cross, 35 Md. 200. Davis v. State, 38 Md. 51. Blair v. Blair, 39 Md. 556. Scarlett v. Academy of Music, 43 Md. 203. Blake v. Pitcher, 46 Md. 462. Wilson v. Merryman, 48 Md. 341. B. & O. R. R. Co. v. Mali, 66 Md. 57 Caledonia Ins. Co. v. Traub, 80 Md. 222.

1894, ch 33, sec. 10 A.

11. It shall not be necessary for the judge who signs a bill of exceptions to affix his seal thereto.

1888, art. 5, sec. 11 1860, art. 5, sec. 2. Rule 6.

12. In no bill of exception shall any patent, deed, will or other documentary evidence be inserted at length, but shall only be stated briefly, according to its import and effect, unless the nature of the question raised and decided render it necessary that it should be inserted *in extenso*; nor shall any document be more than once inserted at large in any transcript to be sent to the court of appeals. And it shall be the duty of the judges of the courts below to require exceptions to be prepared in accordance with this rule. Either party, however, shall have the right to have any or all of such documentary proof inserted at length, it being stated in the exception at whose instance the same is so inserted, that costs may be awarded as the matter so incorporated may be deemed proper or not by the court of appeals to have been set out in full.

Davis v. State, 38 Md. 51. Blake v. Pitcher, 46 Md. 462.

Ibid. sec 12. Rule 7

13. In making up the transcript of records to be transmitted to the court or appeals, the clerks of the courts below shall omit from such transcripts the formal heading and commence-