1888, art. 93. sec. 232. 1860, art. 93, sec. 232. 1798, ch. 101, sub-ch. 15, sec. 12. 1890, ch. 425.

236. The court may on the application of any infant or any one in his behalf suggesting improper conduct in any guardian whatever, either in relation to the care and management of the property or person of the infant, or physical or mental incapacity of the guardian to properly fulfill his duties and the purposes of the office, or any other matter or thing whereby it appears that the guardian is or has become unable to bestow such direct personal care and supervision over the person or estate of his ward as is requisite to the proper discharge of the duties of guardianship, inquire into the same, and, at its discretion, remove such guardian and make choice of another who shall give security and conduct himself in the manner herein prescribed and shall receive the property and custody of the said ward.

Lefever v. Lefever, 6 Md. 472. Slatterly v. Smiley, 25 Md. 389. Macgill v. McEvoy, 85 Md. 293.

Ibid sec. 233. 1860, art. 93, sec 233. 1798, ch. 101, sub ch. 15, sec. 13.

237. The court may issue a summons for any person concerned in the affairs of a deceased person or for a witness, or any other person whose appearance in said courts shall be deemed necessary or proper for any purpose. And such summons may issue to any county in the State, and shall be returnable in their discretion; and they may enforce obedience to their summons by attachment, and may punish the party for his contempt, by a fine not exceeding thirty dollars.

Ibid. sec. 234. 1860, art. 93, sec. 234. 1798, ch. 101, sub-ch. 15, sec. 13.

238. The court may, if a witness before the court shall refuse to give evidence, commit him to the custody of the sheriff or coroner, as the case may be, until he give evidence or be discharged according to law, or they may attach and sequester his estate.

101d. sec. 235. 1860, art. 93, sec. 235. 1798, ch. 101, sub-ch. 15, sec 15. 239. The court may, whenever two summonses shall be regularly returned "non est" by the sheriff, or other officer of the county where the party last resided, issue an attachment against his lands and tenements, goods and chattels; and upon return thereof, with a schedule of the property annexed, may by order or commission under seal, authorize some person or persons to take into his or their custody the property contained in such schedule, or any part thereof, and to receive the profits