appear that some other mode is more binding upon the conscience of the swearer.

1888, art. 1, sec 9. 1860, art. 1, sec. 10.

11. The boundaries and limits of each of the counties of this State and of the city of Baltimore shall remain as now established.

Ibid. sec. 10. 1860, art. 1, sec 11.

12. Where the public general law and the public local law of any county, city, town or district are in conflict, the public local law shall prevail.

Hammond v. Haines, 25 Md 558 State v. Co. Comm'is, 29 Md. 520. Albert v. White, 33 Md. 305. Co. Comm'rs v. Bakér, 44 Md. 9. Alexander v. Mayor, etc., of Baltimore, 53 Md 104. Cooper v. Holmes, 71 Md. 27 McCracken v. State, 71 Md. 153 State v. Falkenham, 73 Md. 466.

Ibid. sec. 11. 1860, art. 1, sec. 12.

13. The word county shall be construed to include the city of Baltimore, unless such construction would be unreasonable. Phinney v. Sheppard Hospital, 88 Md. 639.

Ibid. sec 12. 1888, ch 36.

14. The word person shall include corporation, unless such a construction would be unreasonable.

Henderson v Md. Home Ins. Co., 90 Md. 50.

ARTICLE II.

AGENTS AND FACTORS.

- Who to be treated as true owner of consigned goods. Extent of consignee's right.
- 2 Limitations upon consignee's rights.
- When and how far holder of bill of lading or possessory document is to be deemed true owner
- Contracts between factor and third parties, and payments to factor when good against consignor.
- Deposit or pledge by factor or holder of bill of lading or possessory document to third parties, for pre-existing debt without notice
- 6. Deposit or pledge by factor to third parties with notice.
- Upon insolvency of factor, principal may collect unpaid purchase money. Set-off.
- 8. When set-off allowed.