1888, art. 90, sec. 3. 1860, art. 91, sec. 3. 1807, ch. 136, sec. 2 1829, ch. 216, sec. 4.

3. If the security or counter security of a guardian or any person interested in the estate of such security or counter security shall conceive himself in danger of suffering from the securityship, he may apply to the orphans' court by which such guardian was appointed, or in which he gave bond, and the said court may call on such guardian to give counter security; and if the said guardian shall not, within a fixed reasonable time, give such counter security, the court may revoke his appointment and appoint a new guardian; and if the guardian whose appointment is revoked shall refuse or neglect, in a reasonable time after demand, to deliver to such new guardian the property of the ward, the said court may compel the same by attachment, and may direct the bond of such displaced guardian to be put in suit.

Ibid. sec. 4. 1860, art. 91, sec. 4. 1844, ch. 305.

4. Any security or counter security of a trustee appointed by a court of equity, or any person interested in the estate of such security or counter security, who is afraid of suffering from the suretyship, may apply to the court that appointed such trustee, and the court shall order the trustee to give counter security by a day named in the order; and if the trustee shall fail to give counter security, to be approved by the court, by the time so fixed, the court shall remove such trustee and appoint a trustee in his stead to complete the trust, and the court shall order such removed trustee to deliver over to the new trustee all the trust property in his hands and all books, bonds, notes, evidences of debt and papers belonging to or in any wise relating to the trust estate and also to pay over to such new trustee all the money due by him on account of said trust; and the court may compel a compliance with such order by attachment and sequestration, or the new trustee may bring suit on the bond of the removed trustee.

Ibid. sec 5. 1860, art 91, sec. 5. 1867, ch. 284.

5. Whenever the surety of any clerk or register of wills of any county or the city of Baltimore shall, by petition under oath, certify to the judge of the circuit court for such county or city that he believes himself to be in danger of suffering from his securityship from the defalcation of such clerk or register or from other malfeasance in office, the judge of such court shall forthwith pass an order requiring a copy of