

performed, and for said service said physician shall receive the sum of fifteen dollars, to be paid by the county or Baltimore city where said execution takes place (as the case may be); and said sheriff shall return the execution of the sentence under said warrant, verified by his oath, to the court which sentenced said prisoner, together with said physician's certificate, which, with said return, shall be recorded by the clerk among the proceeding in the case.

#### **Removal of Convicts to the Penitentiary.**

1888, art. 87, sec. 28. 1860, art. 88, sec. 32. 1809, ch. 138, sec. 27.

**29.** Every person convicted in any court of this State and sentenced to undergo a confinement in the penitentiary shall, as soon as possible after conviction, be safely removed by the sheriff of the county where such conviction took place and at the expense of such county to the penitentiary; and every sheriff failing to comply with the provisions of this section shall forfeit one thousand dollars.

*Clifford v. State*, 30 Md. 575.

#### **Collection of Officers' Fees.**

*Ibid.* sec. 29. 1860, art. 88, sec. 46. 1861, ch. 53. 1882, ch. 64.

**30.** The sheriff shall collect all fees due to the following officers which may be placed in his hands for collection between the first day of January and the first day of May in each year, namely: attorneys, clerks of all the courts, commissioner of the land office, coroners, criers, registers of wills, surveyors and sheriffs. This section shall not apply to Baltimore city or Harford county.

*Ibid.* sec. 30. 1860, art. 88, sec. 47. 1861, ch. 53.

**31.** He may distrain or execute the goods and chattels of any person against whom any fees are placed in his hands for collection; provided he has sixty days previously delivered to such person or left at his place of abode an account of such fees.

*Ibid.* sec. 31. 1860, art. 88, sec. 48. 1779, ch. 25, sec. 13.  
1822, ch. 219, sec. 2.

**32.** If he shall be informed by the affidavit of any one taken before a justice of the peace that a person against whom he has fees to collect has absconded or is about to do so, the sheriff may distrain or execute immediately, without having previously delivered an account of fees; provided that if any