1900, ch. 179, sec. 2

2. The governor shall, within sixty days after the enactment of this article, appoint a board of four examiners for the examination of persons applying for certificates thereunder, two of said examiners shall be public accountants, selected from a list of six names proposed by the Maryland association of public accountants, one of which said two examiners shall hold office for the term of one year, and one for the term of two years, and, upon the expiration of each of said terms and of each succeeding term, an examiner shall be appointed for the term of two years, and after the year nineteen hundred each successor to said two examiners shall be appointed from such persons as may hold certificates as certified public accountants under this article. The other two of said board of examiners shall be practising attorneys in good standing in any of the courts of the State of Maryland; one of them shall hold office for the term of one year, the other for the term of two years, and upon the expiration of each of said terms and each succeeding term a successor shall be appointed for the term of two years, such successors to be practising attorneys in good standing, as hereinbefore mentioned.

Ibid. sec. 3.

3. Examinations of persons applying for certificates under this article shall be held at least once every year and be conducted according to such rules and regulations as the said board of examiners may adopt for the purpose. The results of such examination shall be certified to the governor and to all persons as may have passed examination satisfactory to said board of examiners and by it been recommended, the governor shall issue the certificate mentioned in the first section of this article.

Ibid. sec. 4.

4. The board of examiners shall charge for examination and certificate such fee as may be necessary to meet the actual expenses of such examination and issuing of such certificate and shall report annually the receipts and expenses under the provisions of this article to the State comptroller, and the surplus, if any, of receipts over expenses shall be paid into the State treasury. The governor may revoke any certificates issued under the provisions of this article for a sufficient cause; provided, written notice shall have been given to the holder