

and untrue statement contained in his application to the clerk of the court, as required by this sub-title, or by presenting to said clerk a false or untrue license, or one fraudulently obtained by false and fraudulent statements made to one of said boards of medical examiners, he or she shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and shall forfeit all rights and immunities obtained or conferred upon him by virtue of such registration as physician or surgeon.

1894, ch. 217, sec. 59.

99. Any person who after the first day of July, 1894, shall practise or attempt to practise medicine or surgery in this State, without being registered in accordance with the provisions of this sub-title, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than two hundred dollars for each offense.

* [NOTE.]

1896, ch. 194, sec. 61.

100. Any citizen of Maryland having information which causes him to believe that any person has been heretofore wrongfully and improperly registered as physician or surgeon, or both, upon his application to the clerk of any court may apply, by petition, to the circuit court of the county wherein such registration was made, or to the city court of Baltimore city, if such registration was in Baltimore city, which petition shall be under oath, and shall state that the petitioner is informed and believes that the person named therein has been heretofore improperly and wrongfully registered as physician or surgeon, or both, upon his own application and affidavit upon the register of physicians or book kept for such purpose in any court of this State, for the reason (as said petitioner is empowered) that such person was not lawfully practising medicine in the State of Maryland as a duly qualified practitioner of medicine in said State entitled to be registered as a physician or surgeon upon his own application to the clerk of said court; and that said petitioner prays that the name of such person shall be struck from the registry of physicians aforesaid. Upon the filing of such petition the court or one of the judges thereof shall pass an order requiring the person therein alleged to be wrongfully or improperly registered to

*Section 60 of 1894, ch. 217, is omitted here, because it is identical with section 51 of 1892, ch. 296, and is embraced in section 101—*post* page 1238