this State, or section thereof, or of any article or section of the code of public general laws or public local laws of this State, upon the ground, or for the reason, that such act of assembly, or section thereof, or such article or section of the code of public general laws or public local laws is unconstitutional and void, in whole or in part, because contrary to the constitution or bill of rights of this State, or because contrary to the constitution of the United States, it shall be the duty of the said court or judge ordering such release or discharge for said cause to reduce his opinion to writing within five days after ordering said release or discharge, and to transmit the original papers in said case, together with a copy of its or his order of release or discharge, and of his said opinion, under his hand and seal, to the clerk of the court of appeals; and it shall be the duty of the said court to consider the papers so transmitted to its said clerk, including said order of release or discharge, and said opinion, at the earliest practicable period, after the receipt thereof by its said clerk, and to give its opinion in writing upon the case so presented; and the said opinion so given shall have and possess the same authority as if the same was filed in a case formally heard and determined in said court on appeal.

State v. Glenn, 54 Md. 572. Annapolis v. Howard, 80 Md 246.

## Procedure in Relation to Minors.

1888, art. 42, sec 18 1886, ch. 57, 1900, ch 306; 1904, ch. 98, 1904, ch 291 18. A minor may be committed to a juvenile institution for care and guardianship if he is a minor without proper care. A minor is deemed to become within this description: If he is without any proper place of abode or proper guardianship, or is neglected or ill-treated by his parent, guardian or custodian, or such parent, guardian or custodian is unable properly to care for him, or if it clearly appears that by reason of the character or surroundings of such minor he has become so vicious and depraved that the welfare of such minor, as well as the peace and good order of society, require such commitment. A court of record, a judge thereof, or a justice of the peace may commit minors falling within this description to a juvenile institution incorporated under the laws of this State, to be kept until twenty-one years of age, in the case of males as well as females, unless sooner discharged by such institution, or according to due course of law, and such court or officer may require such minor to be brought before him or it upon a warrant or order, or commit without such previous precept, if such minor can be