

as distinct articles of commerce, nor pure grain ground together. The agent of the State hereinafter authorized to make these inspections is fully empowered to take samples of these excepted articles when found, and, if upon analysis they prove to be adulterated, the vendor shall be in all respects subject to the penalties hereinafter set forth for the adulteration of concentrated commercial feeding stuff.

1900, ch. 287.

**86.** The term concentrated commercial feeding stuff, as here used, shall include linseed meals, cotton-seed meals, cotton-seed hulls, pea meals, cocoanut meals, gluten feeds, maize feeds, starch feeds, sugar feeds, dried brewers' grains, malt sprouts, hominy feeds, cereline feeds, rice meals, oat feeds, corn and oat-chops, ground beef, fish or animal meals, mixed feeds, all patented or trade marked foods, and all other materials of similar nature not included within the preceding section of this sub-title.

Ibid

**87.** Before any manufacturer, company or person shall sell, offer or expose for sale in this State any concentrated commercial feeding stuff, as defined in this preceding section of this sub-title, he or they shall for each and every feeding stuff bearing a distinguishing name or trade mark file with the State Chemist of the Maryland Agricultural College a certified copy of the statement named in section eighty-four of this sub-title; said certified copy to be accompanied, when the State chemist shall so request, by a sealed package, containing at least one pound of the feeding stuff to be sold or offered for sale, and the company or person furnishing said sample shall thereupon make affidavit that said sample corresponds within reasonable limits to the feeding stuff which it represents in the percentage of protein and fat which it contains.

Ibid.

**88.** Before any concentrated commercial feeding stuff, as defined in section 86, is sold, offered or exposed for sale in this State, the manufacturer, importer, agent or seller thereof shall