

be charged with locating or appropriating any natural bed or bar hereinbefore prohibited, the question may be at once submitted by any person interested to the judge of the circuit court for the county where such questions shall arise, who, after having given notice to the parties interested, shall proceed to hear the testimony and decide the case; and if his decision be in favor of the party locating said five acres, said decision shall be recorded with the original record of said five acres, and shall in all cases be conclusive evidence of title thereto; provided also, that if any stakes or bushes used as bounds shall be removed by accident or design, it shall not excuse any person from wrongfully taking such oysters, if he knew the grounds to have been located and appropriated; but any title or pretended title to more than five acres, or otherwise contrary to this section, held or claimed by any person, is hereby declared to be fraudulent and void; provided, that no non-resident of this State shall be entitled to avail himself of the provisions of this section, whether he be sole or part owner of any land in this State; and in case of the death of any citizen who may have located and appropriated any lot under the provisions of this section, his executors or administrators shall have the exclusive use, possession and control of such lot as fully as the person so dying had, for the purpose of protecting, cultivating and removing the oysters planted on said lot for the period of three years from the date of the death of the person appropriating such lot; and any person or persons taking or attempting to take oysters thus planted or bedded shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction before a justice of the peace trying the case shall be fined a sum not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and imprisoned in the house of correction for a period of three to six months, one-half of said fine to be paid to the informer, and the other half to be paid to the county commissioners for the use of the public schools.

Jackson v. Bennett, 80 Md. 77. *Powell v. Wilson*, 85 Md. 356. *Handy v. Maddox*, 85 Md. 548-9.

1894, ch. 380.

47. If any creek, cove or inlet not exceeding one hundred yards at low water in breadth at its mouth make into the land, or if any creek, cove or inlet of greater width than one hundred