

election, under the penalty of one hundred dollars. This section is not to apply to the city of Baltimore.

1896, ch. 202.

108. Irregularities or defects in the mode of giving notice, or of conveying, holding or conducting a registration or election authorized by law, shall constitute no defense to a prosecution for a violation of the provisions of this article. Every act which by the provisions of this article or the laws of the State, is made a crime when committed with reference to the election of a candidate, shall be equally criminal and subject to the same punishment when committed with reference to a proposition to be submitted to the people to be decided by the votes cast at an election.

Ibid.

109. It shall be the duty of the supervisors of elections to aid in the prosecution of all crimes and offenses against this article, and when, in the judgment of supervisors there is probable cause for believing that an offense has been committed, it shall be their duty to cause a prosecution to be instituted in accordance with the provisions of this article.

Compensation.

Ibid.

110. The sheriffs in the several counties shall, respectively, be allowed the sum of twelve dollars (\$12) for each election held in their county, for the performance of the duties therein required, to be levied as other county charges; provided, that when two or more elections are to be held on the same day the sheriff shall not be allowed more than twelve dollars for such elections. All judges, whether acting as such, or sitting as officers of registration, and clerks of elections, shall be allowed and paid three dollars a day; fractions of a day shall be allowed for at the rate of thirty cents an hour. Each judge and clerk of election, who has performed all the duties and services required of him by this article, shall be allowed pay for his time, as above provided. When any judge or clerk does not perform all the services required by this article, then such board of supervisors