

rection, not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Destroying Property Maliciously.

1892, ch. 99.

51. Any person who shall enter any dwelling-house, outhouse, stable, barn, warehouse, storehouse, banking-house, factory, workshop, court house, school house, mill house, church, or any building occupied in part or in whole by any of the public, municipal, or private corporations of the State, or upon any vessel, or upon any yard where lumber, coal, or any sort of goods and chattels are deposited or kept for the purpose of trade, or upon any property or land, with the intent maliciously to injure, or destroy any of the buildings aforesaid or any part thereof, or any furniture, property or effects therein or thereon being found, or any property or effects deposited or kept in, or upon any vessel or yard, or with the intent to slay, kill, maim or tar and feather any person being in or upon any of the premises aforesaid, upon conviction thereof shall, in the discretion of the court be sentenced to the penitentiary of this State for not less than two years nor more than twenty years, or to the house of correction, not exceeding three years, or to the city or county jail, not exceeding one year.

1892, ch. 85.

52. Any person who shall wilfully or maliciously injure or destroy any dwelling house, outhouse, stable, barn, warehouse, store house, banking house, factory, work shop, court house, school house, church, mill house, or take and carry away any growing tree, or cut down any tree, or destroy a vine, plant, shrubbery, root, vegetable, fruit or grain, or any fencing, cord wood or hoop poles, shall, on conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor, and after presentment and indictment by a grand jury and conviction, shall, in the discretion of the court, be imprisoned in the penitentiary of this State for not less than one year, nor more than three years, or in the house of correction, not exceeding three years, or in the city or county jail not exceeding one year, or be fined not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or be both fined and imprisoned in jail as aforesaid.