

1870, ch. 434.

84. In all such cases before the justices of the peace in and for the counties above named, either party shall be allowed an appeal to the circuit court for the county in which the offence was committed, where they shall be tried *de novo*, and all such appeals shall be taken in such manner as is now provided for by law in other cases of appeals from judgments of justices of the peace.

1874, ch. 311.

85. The several justices of the peace for the said counties are authorized and required to pay to the county commissioners of said counties, every three months, all the money or moneys they may have in hand at such times, arising from fines or penalties imposed under the two preceding sections.

1884, ch. 510.

86. The several justices of the peace of Charles, Calvert, Caroline, Dorchester, Garrett, Harford, Howard, Kent, Montgomery, Prince George's, St. Mary's, Somerset, Talbot, Washington, Wicomico, Anne Arundel and Allegany, counties shall have, in addition to the jurisdiction which they now possess, and which may be conferred upon them by or under the laws of this State, jurisdiction concurrent with that exercised by the circuit courts for said counties in all cases of assault without any felonious intent; and in all cases of assault and battery, and in all cases of petit larceny, when the value of the property stolen does not exceed the sum of five dollars, and in all misdemeanors not punishable by confinement in the penitentiary, which may be committed within their respective jurisdictions; and shall have jurisdiction in all prosecutions or proceedings for the recovery of any penalty for doing or omitting to do any act, the doing of which, or the omission to do which, is made punishable under the laws of this State, within their said jurisdiction by any pecuniary fine or penalty or by imprisonment in jail or in the Maryland House of Correction; all of which acts or omissions are hereby declared to be criminal offences; and the said justices shall have power to issue all process and to do all acts which may be necessary to the exercise of their said jurisdiction, and may try and determine all cases whereof they may have jurisdiction, and may pronounce judgment