

P. L. L., (1860,) art. 4, sec. 909.

881. The said court or said justice, upon proof that any person is a pauper, an habitual beggar, a vagrant, a vagabond or disorderly person as aforesaid, shall send such person to the almshouse for said city, or to such other suitable place as may be provided for such purpose by the mayor and city council of Baltimore.

Ibid. sec. 910.

882. Whenever any house of refuge, house of correction, work-house or other house, building or place shall be provided by the mayor and city council of Baltimore, to which persons convicted under this sub-title of this article may be sent, the said court or said justice may send them to any such house, building or place, if the judge of said court or said justice consider it to be a more suitable place for the purpose than the almshouse.

Ibid. sec. 911.

883. The trustees of the almshouse, and the officers of the other places to which persons convicted under the two preceding sections may be sent, shall keep them during the time for which they are to be kept, so that they cannot escape from said place.

Ibid. sec. 912.

884. The said trustees and other officers shall put such of said persons so convicted as are able to work, to the work which they are respectively best able to do.

Ibid. sec. 913.

885. The time for which any person shall be sent to the almshouse or other place, as aforesaid, shall not be less than one week nor more than two months, for the first occasion; and not less than one month nor more than six months for the second or any subsequent occasion.

Ibid. sec. 914.

886. The trustees of the almshouse, and managers of the house of refuge, and officers of the other places to which persons may be sent as aforesaid, shall have the right to make all proper rules and regulations for the purpose of carrying out the aforesaid provisions.