

ment with the county commissioners, and for whose compensation the said commissioners may allow such sum as they shall think just.

P. L. L., (1860,) art. 22, sec. 16.

16. Under the penalty of fifty dollars each, they shall make out and render to the county commissioners at their first meeting in April in each year, a statement of their accounts and expenditures, with the necessary vouchers for the preceding year, which accounts shall be passed and settled by the county commissioners previous to making the appointment of trustees for the ensuing year.

Ibid. sec. 17.

17. The overseer of the almshouse, before entering upon the discharge of his duties shall give bond, payable to the said trustees, with sufficient sureties, in the penalty of five hundred dollars, conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of his office.

Ibid. sec. 18.

18. He shall keep a list of all poor, beggars, vagrants, vagabonds, and other offenders committed to the said almshouse, and lay the same before the said trustees at their regular meetings, or oftener if required.

Ibid. sec. 19.

19. He may compel any of the inmates of said almshouse to work.

Ibid. sec. 20.

20. He shall keep a regular account of all the stock, farming utensils and other things that may come to his hands, and of the crops and other articles made on the estate of said almshouse, and of all the expenses and charges attending the maintenance of the poor therein, and of all moneys received by him from the sales of the produce of their labor, and on the first Monday of April in each year, shall return the same to the said trustees, with an affidavit annexed, to be administered by one of the said trustees, that the same is just and true; and the trustees shall lay the same before the county commissioners at the time of making their report.

Ibid. sec. 21.

21. Any one of the trustees of the poor may in writing direct the admission of any poor person into said almshouse.