

1867, ch. 319.

**358.** Any justice of the peace residing within the town, or the burgess or assistant burgess, may take cognizance of all violations of the ordinances of said corporation, and upon information may cause all persons offending against them to be brought before him for trial, and if convicted, may fine the party not exceeding ten dollars, and in default of payment of the fine and costs, may commit the offender to the county jail for a term not exceeding twenty days; but any person convicted may appeal from the judgment of the justice of the peace, or burgess or assistant burgess, to the circuit court for Washington county, and the corporation shall be liable for all jail fees of persons so committed.

#### SHERIFF.

1880, ch. 303.

**359.** The sheriff of Washington county shall be entitled to forty cents per day for keeping each prisoner that may be confined in the jail of said county, and shall be allowed for necessary fuel for the jail and house attached thereto such sum as the county commissioners may deem right and proper; and the county commissioners shall levy upon the assessable property of the county a sum sufficient to pay for keeping the prisoners, and for the necessary fuel aforesaid; but it shall not be hereafter lawful for the sheriff to make or collect any charge for receiving in or releasing from the jail in said county any prisoners.

P. L. L., (1860,) art. 21, sec. 293.

**360.** He shall be entitled to fifty cents each for the delivery to the trustees of the poor of certificates of their appointment.

Ibid sec. 294.

**361.** The county commissioners shall not allow or order the payment of any account for paper or stationery for said sheriff.

#### SMITHSBURG.

P. L. L., (1860,) art. 21, sec. 295. 1888, ch. 313.

**362.** The inhabitants of Smithsburg, in Washington county, are created a corporation by the name of "The Burgess and Commissioners of Smithsburg," and by that name shall have perpetual