

1882, ch. 144. 1882, ch. 307.

195. It shall not be lawful for any person, house, corporation, company or association, to sell, directly or indirectly, at any place, or to give away at his or their place of business, within the limits of any of election districts numbers two, three, six and seven, any spirituous, fermented or intoxicating liquors of any origin whatever, or alcoholic bitters.

Fell v. State, 42 Md. 71.

Ibid.

196. Any person, house, company, association or body corporate, who shall sell, directly or indirectly, at any place, or give away at his or their place of business, any spirituous or fermented liquors, or alcoholic bitters, or intoxicating drinks of any kind, within the limits of said election districts numbers two, three, six and seven, shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay on the first conviction a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars, and costs of prosecution, and be imprisoned in the county jail for thirty days; and on the second and every subsequent conviction, not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and in addition to such fine, be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than sixty nor more than ninety days, in the discretion of the court; and on failure to pay any such fine as herein described, he or they shall remain in the jail of said county after the term of imprisonment until such fine and costs are paid; one-half of the fine imposed for the violation of this section shall go to the informer, and the residue to the board of school commissioners of said county for the benefit of the public schools therein.

Ibid.

197. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the compounding or sale of any such liquors for medicinal purposes, by a pharmacist or druggist, who shall or may obtain a license under the license laws of this State, and upon a written *bona fide* prescription of a regular practising physician, whose name shall be signed thereto; and all such prescriptions shall be filed and kept by such pharmacist or druggist, and no prescription shall serve for more than one purchase; but no physician shall make or sign any such prescription unless the person for whom it