

P. L. L., (1860,) art. 16, sec. 12.

12. No trustee shall furnish on his own account any supplies of any description to said almshouse; and any supplies furnished by a trustee on his own account shall, on proof of the fact to the county commissioners, be forfeited for the benefit of the almshouse.

Ibid sec. 13.

13. The trustees shall require the overseer to enter into bond, with sufficient securities, in the penalty of five hundred dollars, payable to them, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his office.

Ibid. sec. 14.

14. The overseer shall keep a list of all persons committed to said almshouse, and an account of all materials which may come to his hands; of all expenses and charges for maintenance, and all money received by him from the sale of the produce of the labor of the inmates of said almshouse; of the stock, farming utensils and other things in his hands, with a statement of the crops made on the estate, and shall render the same annually to the trustees, under oath, to be administered by one of them; and they shall lay the same before the county commissioners.

Ibid. sec. 15.

15. The said overseer shall receive a salary not exceeding two hundred and twenty-five dollars per annum, and so *pro rata* during his continuance in office.

Ibid. sec. 16.

16. He may compel any of the inmates of said almshouse to work, if of sufficient ability, and shall account for the product of their labor.

Ibid. sec. 17.

17. Upon complaint made that any person, from his disorderly conduct, gives disturbance to a neighborhood and is likely to become chargeable to the county, any justice of the peace, if, upon hearing the party, he shall judge the complaint to be well founded, may commit such disorderly person to the said almshouse for any time not exceeding three months, unless he shall