

1888, ch. 339.

198. The bailiff shall have the same fees for making distresses or levying execution for taxes as are allowed county collectors, and for making arrests or serving process for violation of any ordinance of the corporation the same fees as are allowed constables for similar services; and when the bailiff wilfully fails to discharge any duty of his office he may, in addition to the remedy on his bond, be fined by the mayor in his discretion, not exceeding ten dollars for any one offence, for the payment of which said fine his bond shall be responsible.

Ibid.

199. All fines, penalties and forfeitures imposed by this subtitle of this article, or by any ordinance of the council, may be collected in the name of the mayor and council, before the mayor or any justice of the peace, in the same manner as small debts are collected, and the delinquent shall stand committed to the county jail until the same are paid, with costs.

Ibid.

200. The council shall have authority to incur a debt not exceeding five thousand dollars in excess of the annual revenue of the town, and shall, whenever any such debt is created, provide for the payment thereof by issuing certificates of indebtedness at such rate of interest as the council may deem advisable; and shall be payable within five years, in the discretion of the council.

Ibid.

201. The public buildings and other county property in said town shall not be subject to taxation, and shall continue to the uses to which the same are now allotted; the judges of the several courts, shall continue to hold their courts in the court house as heretofore; the commissioners for the county, justices of the peace, sheriff, constables and all other county and State officers shall have, hold and exercise their offices and jurisdiction in said town; and the county commissioners shall appropriate annually two-thirds of the tax levied upon the assessable property within the corporate limits of the town, for the improve-