

sheriff, or any one who has not the qualification to be a member of the house of delegates, shall be eligible to said office.

P. L. L., (1860,) art. 15, sec. 6.

5. The trustees shall meet together between the first and tenth days of November, yearly, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary, at the almshouse in said county, to appoint a fit person to be overseer of the almshouse, and such other proper officers and servants as to them shall appear necessary; and they shall pay such overseer a sum not exceeding the sum of two hundred dollars per annum as a salary, and so, *pro rata*, during his continuance in office.

Ibid. sec. 7.

6. Every overseer shall enter into bond, with good and sufficient securities, in the penalty of five hundred dollars, payable to the said trustees of the poor, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his office.

Ibid. sec. 8.

7. The trustees may remove such overseer and all other officers appointed by them.

1862, ch. 80.

8. Whenever a vacancy shall exist in the office of overseer of the poor, either by the expiration of the time for which he was appointed or by removal, the overseer whose office shall so become vacant shall, upon the order of said trustees, deliver up to the trustees the possession and custody of the almshouse, and all the property and effects of every description thereto belonging; and upon his neglect or refusal to do so, it shall be the duty of the sheriff of the county, upon the request of said trustees, to remove him therefrom.

Ibid.

9. Whenever the office of clerk of said trustees shall become vacant, either by lapse of time or removal, it shall be the duty of the clerk whose office has so become vacant, to deliver up to the said trustees all books, papers, monies or other property in his custody as said clerk; and if he shall neglect or refuse so to