purchase; but no physician shall make or sign such prescription unless the person for whom it is made is actually sick, or unless liquor is required by such person as a medicine, but a pharmacist or druggist may give or sell liquors to be used by a sick person in a case of extreme illness, or sudden injury, when delay might be dangerous to such sick or injured person, and may give or sell wine to be used for sacramental purposes only.

1888, ch. 292.

208. Any pharmacist, druggist or physician who shall violate the provisions of the preceding section shall, upon indictment and conviction thereof, be fined not less than fifty dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, and failing to pay said fine and costs of prosecution forthwith, shall be sentenced to be confined in the county jail for not less than thirty days nor more than six months.

Thid

209. The provisions of sections 188-214 of this sub-title of this article shall not apply to sales by the manufacturers of cider in quantities not less than a gallon, which shall not be drunk on the premises of the manufacturer, nor to sales of spirituous or fermented liquors by the manufacturer thereof to any person licensed to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in said city.

Ibid.

210. Whenever any license shall be suppressed for any violation of this sub-title of this article, it shall not be lawful for the clerk of the circuit court for Harford county to grant a license to any other person to sell spirituous or fermented liquor upon the premises covered by the license suppressed, for the term of one year from the date of such suppression.

Thid.

211. All licenses issued under sections 188-214 of this subtitle of this article shall expire on the first day of May, annually, but licenses may be issued for a shorter period than one year upon the payment of a proportionate part of the license fee hereinbefore provided for; and licenses issued under said sections of this sub-title of this article shall be transferable as