

LIQUOR AND INTOXICATING DRINKS.

1874, ch. 453. 1878, ch. 462. 1880, ch. 456. 1884, ch. 390.

207. It shall not be lawful for any person, firm, company, or body corporate to sell or otherwise dispose of by way of barter, directly or indirectly, in the first, second, third, fourth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth election districts, any spirituous, fermented or other intoxicating liquors, or medicated bitters producing intoxication, or any compound of which alcohol forms the chief or a principal ingredient, or for any license to be issued or granted for the sale of the same in any of said election districts of the county; provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the compounding or sale of any such liquors by a regular pharmacist or druggist having a license for such business under the laws of this State, upon the written *bona fide* prescription of a regular practising physician of such district, whose name shall be signed thereto; and every such prescription shall be filed and kept by such pharmacist or druggist, and no one prescription shall serve for more than one purchase; but no physician shall make or sign any such prescription unless the person for whom it is made is actually sick, or such liquor is absolutely required as a medicine; and any physician who shall make or sign any prescription for such liquor, except as provided for herein, shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this section, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars and costs for each offence, and be committed by the court wherein such conviction is had until such fine and costs are paid; nor shall anything herein contained be construed to prohibit a sale by such pharmacist or druggist in case of extreme illness, when delay would be dangerous to the patient; and provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the sale of peach or apple brandy and wines manufactured in said county by the producer of the fruit from which the same are made, at his place of residence, in quantities not less than one gallon; and provided further, that cider made from apples shall not be construed to mean fermented, spirituous or intoxicating liquor.

Jones v. State, 67 Md. 256.

1882, ch. 296.

208. Every prescription made or signed under the provisions of the preceding section, shall contain the name of the person for