

more than two hundred dollars, together with the costs of prosecution, and upon failure to pay the same, shall be committed to jail and confined therein until such fine and costs are paid, or for the period of forty days, whichever shall first occur; and it shall be the duty of the court before whom said person shall be convicted to suppress the license.

P. G. L., (1860,) art. 56, sec. 92. 1827, ch. 117, sec. 3. 1831, ch. 323, sec. 11.

87. The clerk shall not, without the special order of the court, or the judge thereof, grant a license to any person to sell spirituous or fermented liquors from whom the grand jury has recommended a license to be withheld, or to a person whose license has been suppressed by the court.

Cohen v. Jarrett, 42 Md 571.

Ibid sec. 91. 1858, ch 414, sec. 11.

88. In all prosecutions for a violation of any of the provisions of this article relating to licenses to sell goods, wares, or merchandise, or spirituous or fermented liquors, one-half of the fine shall be paid to the informer and the other half to the State; and it shall be the duty of the grand jury to endorse on the back of the indictment the name of the informer.

1864, ch. 18.

89. In any prosecution for bartering or selling any goods, wares or merchandise, or spirituous or fermented liquor or lager beer without license, it shall be sufficient for the State to prove in the first instance that the party indicted exposed or offered for sale such goods, wares, merchandise or spirituous or fermented liquor or lager beer, or kept any store or place at or in which goods, wares or merchandise, or spirituous liquor or lager beer were exposed or offered for sale, and such testimony shall be *prima facie* proof of guilt.

Shows and Theatrical Exhibitions.

P. G. L., (1860,) art 56, sec. 93. 1841, ch. 194, sec. 1 1845, ch 374, sec. 1.

90. Any person, or company of stage players, ventriloquists, sleight-of-hand performers, rope dancers, tumblers and wire dancers, shall, before exhibiting or performing for a reward,