defendant, upon full hearing of the allegations and evidence of both parties, and shall give judgment according to the law of the land, and the equity and right of the matter.

- P. G. L., (1860,) art 51, sec. 13. 1791, ch. 68. 1809, ch. 76, sec. 1. 1824, ch. 188. 1825, ch. 51. 1834, ch. 296. 1852, ch. 239, sec. 1.
- 6. The civil jurisdiction of justices of the peace extends to all cases for the the enforcement of contracts, and to obtain redress for wrongs where the debt or damages claimed shall not exceed one hundred dollars; to all suits on bonds with penalty exceeding one hundred dollars, where the sum due and claimed does not exceed one hundred dollars; to actions of replevin, where the value of the thing in controversy does not exceed one hundred dollars, and which value shall be ascertained by appraisers summoned and sworn by the sheriff or other officer to whom the writ of replevin is directed; and to all cases of attachment against non-resident or absconding debtors, where the sum claimed does not exceed one hundred dollars; and also to all cases of attachment in any of the cases mentioned in section 35 of article 9, where the sum claimed shall not exceed one hundred dollars.

O'Reilly v. Murdock, 1 Gill, 32. Beall v Black, 1 Gill, 203. Carter v Tuck, 3 Gill, 251. Brumbaugh v Schnebly, 2 Md 325. Ott v Dill, 7 Md. 251. Abbott v. Gatch, 13 Md. 336. Bushey v Culler, 26 Md. 534. Herzberg v. Adams, 39 Md. 309. Deitrich v. Swartz, 41 Md. 196. State v. Tabler, 41 Md. 236. Randle v. Sutton, 43 Md. 64. Rohr v. Anderson, 51 Md. 212. Reese v. Hawks, 63 Md. 130.

Ibid. sec. 14. 1852, ch. 239, sec. 1. 1824, ch. 138, sec. 6. 1834, ch. 296, sec. 1.

7. But no justice of the peace shall have any jurisdiction in actions where the title to land is involved, nor in actions for slander, for breach of promise to marry, or to enforce any lien for work done or materials furnished.

Deitrich v. Swartz, 41 Md 196. Randle v Sutton, 43 Md. 64 Cole v Hynes, 46 Md. 183. Presstman v Silljacks, 52 Md 660. Shippler v Broom, 62 Md 319.

Ibid. sec. 83. 1813, ch. 162, secs. 1, 5. 1824, ch. 138, sec. 6. 1825, ch. 51, sec. 1.

8. If the defendant, in an action before a justice of the peace for cutting, destroying or carrying away timber or wood to or from any land in this State, or for doing any other injury to such