

for disobedience to or non-performance of its order; and in all cases where, from any cause whatsoever, any person who has been or shall hereafter be adjudicated an insolvent under this article shall not have executed and delivered such schedule and list of debts within ten days after his adjudication, it shall be the duty of his preliminary trustee to make out a list of his creditors from the best information he can obtain, and to file the same with the clerk of the court by which the said insolvent was adjudicated; and said trustee shall be at liberty to amend said list from time to time; and all notices addressed to each of the creditors mentioned in said list shall have the same force and validity for all purposes whatsoever as if said list of creditors had been prepared and returned by the insolvent himself, along with his schedule and list of debts, and verified by his affidavit, as required by the provisions of this article.

P. G. L., (1860,) art. 48, sec. 20. 1854, ch. 193, sec. 20. 1865, ch. 91.

31. Any person interested may appeal from the decision of the court on any question under this article, provided, such appeal be entered within thirty days, and a certified copy of the record be transmitted to the court of appeals within sixty days from the date of the decision appealed from; but the execution or effect of any judgment, decree, decision or order so appealed from, shall not be suspended or stayed, unless a bond shall be given in such penalty and condition, and with such security as the court may prescribe and approve.

Chase v. Glenn, 1 H. & G. 160. *Williams v. Williams*, 5 Gill, 84. *Carter v. Dennison*, 7 Gill, 171. *Baylies v. Tyson*, 9 Gill, 452. *Pierson v. Trail*, 1 Md. 143. *Glenn v. Chesapeake Bank*, 3 Md. 475. *Salmon v. Pierson*, 8 Md. 297. *White v. Malcolm*, 15 Md. 541. *Teackle v. Crosby*, 14 Md. 14. *Spark's Appeal*, 18 Md. 418. *Wright v. Kuhn*, 20 Md. 421. *Willis v. Wright*, 22 Md. 373. *Vannostrand v. Carr*, 30 Md. 128. *McHenry v. McVeigh*, 56 Md. 578. Art. 5, sec. 7.

Ibid. sec. 21. 1880, ch. 145. 1854, ch. 193, sec. 21.

32. This article is not to apply to fines and forfeitures for violating the laws of this State, or the ordinances of any municipal corporation; but any person imprisoned for thirty days for not paying a fine or forfeiture not exceeding fifty dollars, or for sixty days when the fine exceeds fifty dollars, may petition and be released from such fines as if they were common debts.