

this article, but shall only operate to give the judgment creditor who shall discover such property or claims, a priority, to be paid out of the proceeds thereof.

*Hupe v. Seibert*, 4 Gill, 240. *Waters v. Dashiell*, 1 Md. 472. *Manahan v. Sammon*, 3 Md, 463. *Becker v. Whitehill*, 55 Md. 572,

P. G. L., (1860,) art. 48, sec. 16. 1854, ch. 193, sec. 16. 1880, ch. 172.

**18.** The clerks of the circuit courts may receive the petitions under this article, and appoint the preliminary trustee mentioned in this article, and approve his bond, as well as the bond of the permanent trustee; take acknowledgments to the deeds to the preliminary and permanent trustees, and fix the day or days for the insolvent to appear and answer interrogatories or allegations, and order notices to be given to the creditors under such rules as the circuit court may prescribe, and shall receive as compensation one dollar.

*Ibid* sec. 17. 1854, ch. 193, sec. 17. 1880, ch. 172.

**19.** The clerk of the court of common pleas of Baltimore city may appoint, from among the clerks in his office, one who shall have the power vested in the clerks of the circuit courts by the preceding sections of this article, and shall also have power to receive the answers of insolvents to interrogatories, and to report on such interrogatories and answers to the court, and who shall receive such compensation as said clerk of the court of common pleas of Baltimore city may prescribe, to be paid by the parties applying for the benefit of this article, which compensation shall not be less than two dollars nor more than ten dollars to each applicant, according to the difficulties of the respective cases; and all sums of money received from all such applicants, by the said clerk, beyond the aggregate of fifteen hundred dollars per annum, shall be paid into the treasury of the State.

*Ibid*. sec. 18. 1854, ch. 193, sec. 18. 1880, ch. 172.

**20.** The court may allow to the preliminary trustee commissions not exceeding two per cent., and to the permanent trustee commissions not exceeding six per cent., upon the estate of the insolvent.